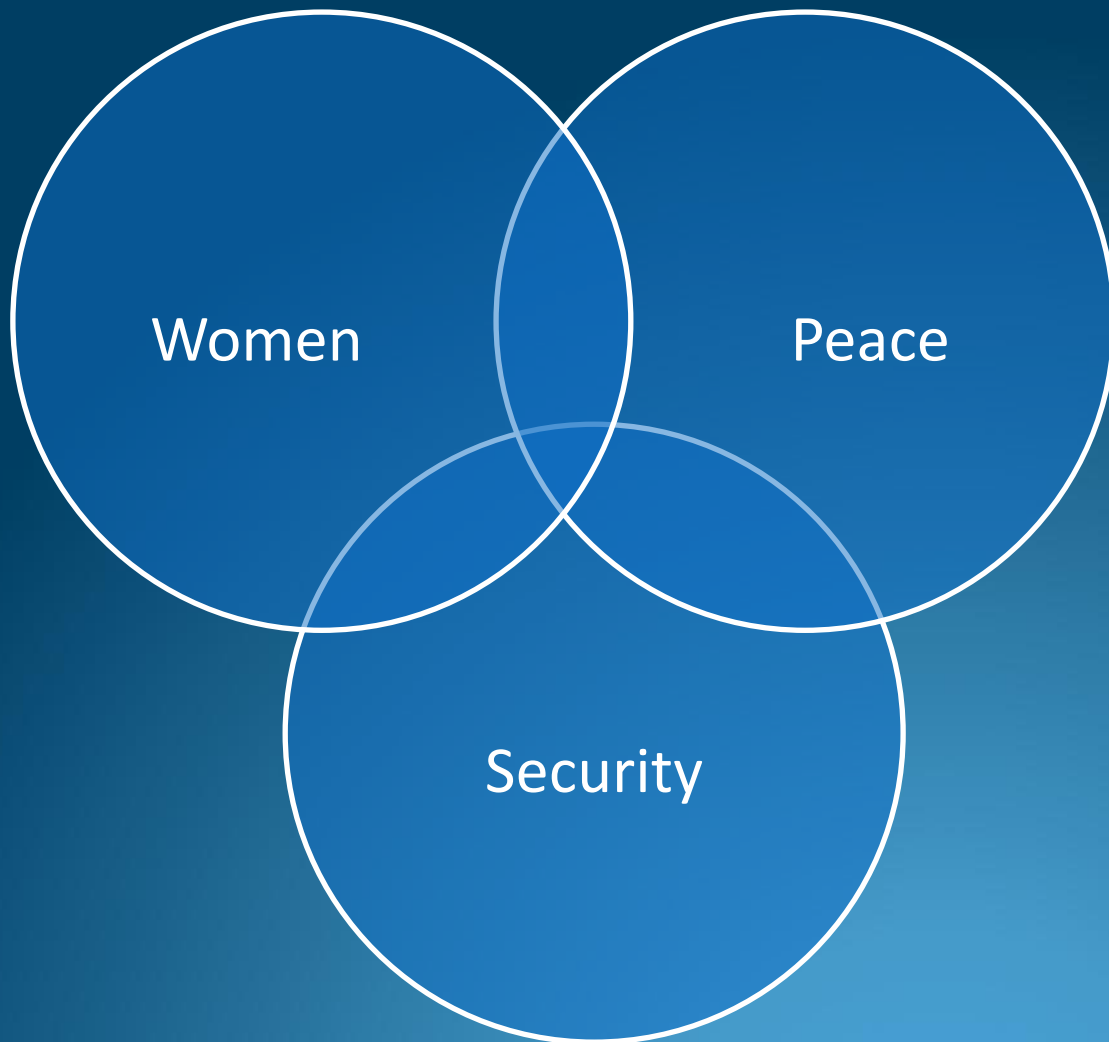


Closing the Gender Gap – WPS UNDP/BRH.



Requirements for Sustainable Peace and Development:

- **Personal Security**
- **Community Security**
- **Economic Security**
- **Food Security**
- **Environmental Security**
- **Health Security**
- **Political Security**



UNDP Highlighted interventions around WPS

- ❖ **N-Peace Initiative: Afghanistan, Indonesia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, and Sri Lanka. With main 4 objectives:**
 - **To convenes dialogues between civil society, government and other groups on policies related WPS;**
 - **To builds capacity among women peace advocates so they can advance WPS priorities & broaden country networks for advocacy on this agenda;**
 - **To connects peacebuilders who share knowledge of policy and best practices on implementing UNSCR 1325**
 - **To advocate for women's engagement in peace and security, bringing to light stories of leadership and resilience.**

UNDP Highlighted interventions around WPS

- ❖ **ASEAN-UN Cooperation on Women, Peace and Security – the Role of Women in the Prevention of Violent Extremism:**
 - **UNDP convened/participated in dialogues that formulated recommendations that focus on concrete collaborative activities related to the role of women in conflict prevention and the prevention of violent extremism under the ASEAN-UN Plan of Action, as well as through future initiatives and programmes of the ASEAN SOMTC, the ASEAN Institute for Peace and Reconciliation (AIPR), the ASEAN Committee for Women and Children (ACWC), and other relevant ASEAN Sectoral Bodies.**

Lesson learnt on mainstreaming WPS

- ❖ That these & other efforts that UNDP & other partners have employed have not led to the meaningful gender-transformational results that are needed to achieve sustainable development, advance GEWE in crisis contexts and progress the agendas of women peace and security (WPS);
- ❖ 2020 saw unprecedented global crises such as COVID-19 that have rolled back hard-fought gains and reminded us yet again that conflict, crisis and fragility disproportionately affects women and girls and further entrenches gender stereotypes and unequal power relations between men and women.

Way Forward

- ❖ In order to help trigger a seismic shift in the power imbalances that drives gender inequality in the recovery phase UNDP's offer is focused on two key 'accelerators for transformation': women's economic empowerment and women's leadership and participation.
- ❖ Support programming that amplifies women's voices – from all backgrounds - and promotes their participation and leadership in public institutions, parliaments, the judiciary, and the private sector. It will enable countries to deepen their work with civil society groups to empower them, and build local, national and global coalitions for change around WPS.

Way Forward

- ❖ Moving from Inclusion to Transformation:
 - Bring power analysis front-and-centre in to how we understand problems and design solutions
 - Measure success by the change we make, rather than the number of women we reach
 - Listen to women and learn from country-level experiences – to understand the roots of gender inequalities
 - Answer the UN Secretary General's call for a data revolution to drive effectiveness and accountability
 - Design intersectional approaches to ensure no one is left behind
 - Innovate for new solutions to old problems, harnessing digitization and UNDP's Accelerator Labs
 - Partner to complement rather than compete. The challenges to GEWE in crisis are huge: no institution can do it alone
 - Commit to multi-sectoral approaches that harness the full range of UNDP's strengths in conflict prevention, climate change, DRR and resilience building.

Cảm ơn bạn rất nhiều vì sự quan tâm của bạn!



Thank you very much for your kind attention!